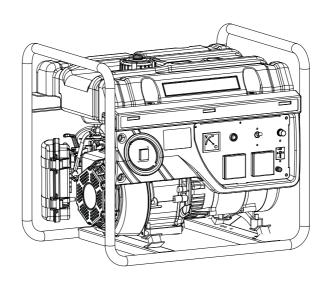


# Owner's Manual Generator



#### **Selecting a Generator**

You must know the rated and maximum wattage for appliances to be used with a generator. Appliances with electric motors may require 2-3 times the rated power when starting up, e.g. an appliance with a rated output of 200W can draw up to 600W at start up.

#### **Rated Watts and Maximum Watts**

Rated, or Running Watts, is the continuous power a generator can deliver, and the continuous power required by an appliance to operate correctly.

Maximum, or Starting Watts, is the maximum short term power a generator can deliver, and the start-up power required by an appliance when first being started simultaneously.

- 1. Determine which appliances are to be run at a given time by the generator. Add up the Rated Watts of each appliance. This total is the amount of power the generator must produce to keep the items running.
- 2. Determine the Start-up power required of each appliance and add up. This is the total start up power required by the generator to start-up each appliance.

Application/Equipment	Rated Watts (Running)	Maximum Watts (Starting)
Light Bulb 75W	75	75
Refrigerator/Freezer	700	2200
TOTALS	775	2275

The above example shows that for the selected appliances a generator with a minimum Rated Wattage of 775W and a minimum Maximum Wattage of 2275W is required.

# CONTENTS

# **Petrol Generator Manual**

Part 1

**GENERAL PRECAUTIONS** 

Part 2

PARTS AND COMPONENTS INTRODUCTION

Part 3

INSPECTION BEFORE OPERATION

Part 4

STARTING OF GENERATOR

Part 5

STOPPING OF GENERATOR

Part 6

PERIODIC CHECKS AND MAINTENANCE

Part 7

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Part 8

**SPECIFICATION** 

# Part 1 General Precautions

#### 1.1 Work Area

- Keep your work area clean and well lit. Cluttered benches and dark areas invite accidents.
- Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. Generators create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating a generator. Provide barriers or shields as needed.

# 1.2 Electrical Safety

- Grounded tools must be plugged into an outlet properly installed and grounded in accordance with all codes and ordinances. Never remove the grounding prong or modify the plug in any way.
   Do not use any adapter plugs.
- Grounding provides a low-resistance path to carry electricity away from the user in the event of an electrical malfunction.

- Double insulated tools are equipped with a
   polarized plug where one blade is wider than the
   other. This plug fits in a polarized outlet only one
   way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet,
   reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a
   qualified electrician to install a polarized outlet.
   Do not change the plug in any way. Double
   insulation eliminates the need for the three-wire
   grounded cord and grounded power supply
   system.
- Avoid body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges, and refrigerators.
   There is an increasing risk of electric shock if your body is grounded.
- Do not expose generator to rain or wet conditions,
   Water entering a generator will increase the risk of electric shock.
- Do not abuse the power cord. Keep power cords away from heat, oil, sharp edges, or moving parts.
   Replace damaged power cords immediately.

- Damaged power cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- When operating a power tool outside, use an outdoor extension cord
- All connections and conduits from the generator to the load must only be installed by trained and licensed electricians, and in compliance with all relevant local, state, and federal electrical codes and standards, and other regulations where applicable.
- The generator must be earth-grounded for fixed installations in accordance with all relevant electrical codes and standards before operation.
- Do not attempt to connect or disconnect load connections while standing in water, or on wet or soggy ground.
- Do not touch electrically energized parts of the generator and interconnecting cables or

- conductors with any part of the body, or with any non-insulated conductive object.
- Connect the generator only to a load or electrical system that is compatible with the electrical characteristics and rated capacities of the generator.
- Before servicing equipment powered by the generator, disconnect the equipment from its power input.
- Keep all electrical equipment clean and dry.
   Replace any wiring where the insulation is cracked, cut abraded or otherwise degraded.
   Replace terminals that are worn, discolored, or corroded. Keep terminals clean and tight.
- Insulate all connections and disconnected wires.
- Guard against electric shock. Prevent body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges, and refrigerator enclosures.

# 1.3 Personal Safety

- Stay alert. Watch what you are doing, and use common sense when operating a generator. Do not use generator while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication.
   A moment of inattention while operating generators may result in serious personal injury.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Contain long hair. Keep your hair, clothing, and gloves away from moving parts.
   Loose clothes, jewelry, or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- Avoid accidental starting. Make sure the power switch is in "OFF" position, and disconnect the spark plug wire when not in use.
- Remove adjusting keys or wrenches before turning the generator on. A wrench or a key that is left attached to a rotating part of the generator may result in personal injury.
- Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and

balance at all times.

- Use safety equipment. Always wear eye protection. Wear approved safety impact eye goggles. Dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection must be used for appropriate conditions.
- Do not force the generator. Use the generator correctly for your application. The correct usage will make your generator do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is designed for.
- Do not use the generator if the power switch can not be turned to ON or OFF Any generator that cannot be controlled with the power switch is dangerous and must be replaced.

#### 1.4 Generator Use and Care

Make sure the power switch is in "OFF" position and disconnect the spark plug wire before making any adjustment, changing accessories, or storing the generator. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the generator accidentally.

Store idle generators out of reach of children and other untrained persons. Generators are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.

Maintain generators with care. Do not use damaged generator. Tag damaged generators "Do not use" until repaired.

Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that may affect the generator's operation. If the generator damage, have it serviced before using. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained generators.

Use only accessories that are recommended by the manufacturer for your model. Accessories suitable for one generator may become hazardous when used on another generator.

# 1.5 Servicing

Maintain labels and name plates on the generator and engine. These carry important information. If they are unreadable or missing, contact local dealers immediately for a replacement.

Generator service must be performed only by qualified repair personnel. Service or maintenance performed by unqualified personnel could result in a risk of injury.

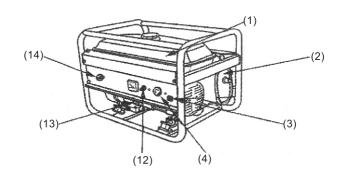
When servicing a generator, use only identical replacement parts. Follow all appropriate instructions in this manual. Use of unauthorized parts or failure to follow maintenance instructions may create a risk of electric shock or injury.

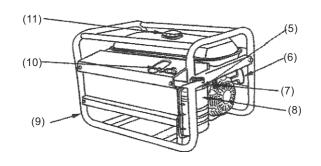
#### 1.6 Installation

 Ensure installation meets all applicable safety, and local and national electrical codes. Have installation performed by a qualified, licensed electrician and building contractor.

- All electrical work, including the earth-ground connection, should be completed by a licensed electrician.
- Any separate fuel storage or generator supply facility must be built or installed in full compliance with all relevant local, state, and federal regulations.

### Part 2 PARTS AND COMPONENTS INTRODUCTION





- 1. fuel tank
- 2. muffler
- 3. Earth terminal
- 4. A.C plug/socket
- 5. carburetor throttle valve
- 6. starter handle
- 7. fuel cork

- 8. air cleaner
- 9. pipe support
- 10. spark plug
- 11. fuel tank cap
- 12. AC.breaker
- 13. dipstick
- 14. starter switch

# Part 3 INSPECTION BEFORE OPERATION

#### 3.1 Machine oil level

Always check the machine oil level after stopping generator on a level ground.

 Turn out the oil filter cap and clean the dipstick with a clean cloth.



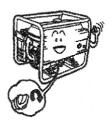
Insert the dipstick back into the filter hole without turning.



In the case that the oil level is below the lower level mark of the dipstick, refill to the upper level mark.



4. Reinstall the oil filter cap.



#### 3.2 Fuel level

1. Open the fuel tank cap.



2. Check the fuel oil level, and refill if necessary.



3. Refill up to the shoulder of the fuel filter.

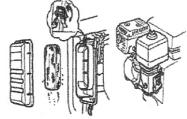


4. Reinstall the fuel tank cap.



#### 3.3 Air cleaner

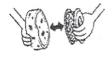
 Remove the clip and dismantle the air cleaner housing or unscrew the nuts and air cleaner cover.



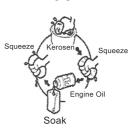
Unscrew the nut and washer, and dismantle the filter element for several times.



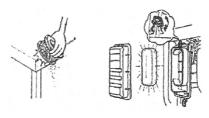
3. Dismantle the filter element.



4. Wash



5. Slap the filter element.

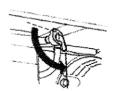


### Part 4 STARTING OF GENERATOR

 Remove all the loads from A.C socket and switch off the A.C breaker.



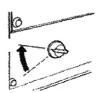
Set the fuel cork to "on" position.



Push the choke lever to "open (choke)" position.



Turn the generator start switch to "on" position.



Pull the starter handle until resistance is felt, then pull it out swiftly and thoroughly.



Once the generator starts, set the choke level to "off" position.



# Tips and cautions for operating:

- 1. Do not start two or more appliances simultaneously. Start them one by one.
- 2. Warm up the engine without load for about 3 minutes. If the generator is to supply power to more than one appliances, be sure to connect them one by one with higher current rated first. Most appliance motors require more than their rated wattage for start up. Do not exceed the current limit specified for any one socket.
- 3. Be sure that all appliances are in good working condition before connecting them to the generator. If an appliance is running abnormally from the beginning (becomes sluggish, or stops suddenly), turn off the generator main switch immediately. Then disconnect the appliance and examine it for signs of malfunction.

  If overloading of the circuit trips the AC circuit protector, reduce the electric load on the circuit. And wait a few minutes before resuming operation.

If the indication of voltmeter is too low or too high, stop the machine and examine it for cause of malfunction. The generator can load when the indicator of voltmeter show at 240V±10%(50 Hz) on the panel of control box.

4. DC application: This device has a 12 V DC power outlet which is especially intended for connecting DC lamp or other DC output unit, it is not suitable to be used for charging 12 V automotive batteries. The DC circuit protector automatically shuts off the DC battery charging circuit when the DC charging circuit is overloaded, when there is a problem with the battery, or when the connections between the battery and the generator are improper.

#### **WARNING**

Be sure to read the special safety instructions for recharging batteries! The load function for 12V automotive batteries is an additional feature of the device and intended as a short-term solution for charging automotive batteries quickly!

This charging function cannot replace charging with a special battery charger! This device does not have a charging current regulator or an automatic shutdown when the battery is fully charged!

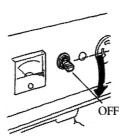
Be sure to inform yourself about the design of your automotive battery, as well as its proper charging and maintenance! Contact a qualified specialist! Strictly adhere to the safety rules and instructions of the battery manufacturer!

Measure the voltage regularly while recharging the automotive battery! When the voltage of the battery reaches 12.5 V, the battery is then fully charged!

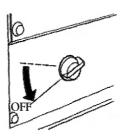
5. When connect the generator to home power circuit. Be sure that a skilled electrician does the job. Improper connecting between the generator and appliance may cause damage of the generator or appliance, and even a fire accident. Warning: if the generator has to be connected to commercial power grid, make sure that the chief power switch must be shut off. Otherwise the sudden recovery of commercial power supply may cause damage to generator or appliance, and even a fire accident.

# PART 5 STOPPING OF GENERATOR

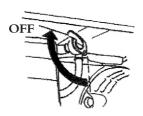
1. Switch off the AC breaker.



2. Turn the generator switch to "off" position.



3. Set the fuel cork to "off" position.



**Note:** To stop the generator in emergency. turn the generator switch to "off" position.

### PART 6 PERIODIC CHECKS AND MAINTENANCE

#### 6.1 Periodic checks and maintenance

Periodic checks and maintenance are very important for keeping the engine in good condition and dependable. The generator consists of gasoline engine, alternator, control panel and frame, etc. Shut off the engine before performing any maintenance. If the engine must be ran, make sure the area is well ventilated. The exhaust contains poisonous carbon monoxide gas.

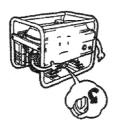
After engine has been used, clean it immediately with a cloth to prevent corrosion and remove sediment.

Item	Daily check	20hrs or first month	50hrs or every 3 months	100hrs or every 6 months	300hrs or every 1 year
Machine oil check	○ check				
Replace engine oil		o replace		○ replace	
Air cleaner check	○ check				
Air cleaner wash			○ clean		
Oil filter cup				○ clean	

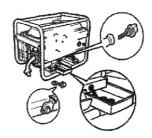
Item	Daily check	20hrs or first month	50hrs or every 3 months	100hrs or every 6 months	300hrs or every 1 year
Oil filter				○ clean	
Spark plug				○ clean	
Valve clearance					Check/ adjust
Cylinder cover wash					○ clean
Fuel tank wash	Was	sh if necessar	y, replace e	very 3 years	

# 6.2 Machine oil replacement

1. Turn and then take out the dipstick.



2. Turn off the drain plug, and empty the machine oil in the crankshaft.



# 3. Screw on the drain plug.



4. Fill machine oil up to the upper level.



5. Reinstall the dipstick.

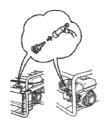


**Machine oil:** 4 stroke petrol engine oil-SE, SF from API Service Classification or SAE 10W-30 equivalent to SG class.

Low air temperature (below 10°C): recommended machine oil SAE10W-30

Frigid air temperature (below -15°C): SE, SF from API Service Classification or SAE10W-30 equivalent to SG class.

- Air cleaner (refer to page 8:Air cleaner)
- Spark plug
  - 1. Dismantle the spark plug high-pressure cap.



2. Dismantle the spark plug.



3. Clear away carbon residue.



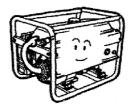
4. Measure the electrodes clearance.



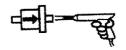
Reinstall the spark plug and high-pressure cap.

## 6.3 Fuel filter maintenance

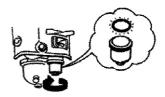
 Set the fuel cork to "off" position, and dismantle the fuel filter cup.



Clean the fuel filter cup thoroughly.



Mount a new rubber ring and the filter cup securely.



- 6.4 Maintenance for long- term storage
  If the generator needs to be stored for a long time,
  the following preparation should be made:
  - 1 .Screw off the fuel drain plug, and empty the fuel inside the carburetor.
  - 2. Turn off the oil filter plug and oil drain plug, and empty the machine oil inside the crankcase.
  - 3. Reinstall the oil drain plug.
  - 4. Fill in the machine oil up to the upper level mark of the dipstick.
  - 5. Pull out the starter handle gently until resistance is felt.

# Part 7 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Engine is running, but no AC output is available.	1. Circuit breaker is open. 2. Poor connection or defective cord set. 3. Connected device is bad. 4. Fault in generator.	1.Reset circuit breaker. 2.Check and repair. 3.Connect another device that is in good condition. 4.Contact Authorized Service Facility.
Engine runs good but bogs down when loads are connected.	1.Short circuit in a connected load. 2.Generator is overloaded. 3.Engine speed is too slow. 4.Shorted generator circuit.	1.Disconnect shorted electrical load. 2.See "Don't Overload the Generator". 3.Contact Authorized Service Facility. 4.Contact Authorized Service Facility.
Engine will not start; or starts and runs rough.	1.Dirty air filter. 2.Out of petrol. 3.Stale petrol. 4.Spark plug wire not connected to spark plug. 5.Bad spark plug. 6.Water in petrol. 7.Over-choking. 8.Low oil level. 9.Excessive rich fuel mixture. 10.Intake valve stuck open or closed. 11.Engine has lost compression.	1.Clean or replace air filter. 2.Fill fuel tank. 3.Drain fuel tank and fill with fresh fuel. 4.Connect wire to spark plug. 5.Replace spark plug. 6.Drain fuel tank; fill with fresh fuel. 7.Put choke knob to No Choke position. 8.Fill crankcase to proper level. 9.Contact Authorized Service Facility. 10.Contact Authorized Service Facility. 11.Contact Authorized Service Facility.

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Engine shuts down during operation.	1.Out of petrol. 2.Low oil level. 3.Fault in engine.	1.Fill fuel tank. 2.Fill crankcase to proper level. 3.Contact Authorized Service Facility.
Engine lacks power.	1.Load is too high. 2.Dirty air filter. 3.Engine needs to be serviced.	1.See "Don't Overload the Generator". 2.Replace air filter. 3.Contact Authorized Service Facility.
Engine "hunts" or falters.	1.Choke is opened too soon. 2.Carburetor is running too rich or too lean.	1.Move choke to halfway position until engine runs smoothly. 2.Contact Authorized Service Facility.

Mode	K10101	K10102	K10103
Alternator Type	Brus	Brush alternator with AVR	VR
AC Frequency (Hz)		90	
AC Output voltage (V)		240	
Rated AC Output (KW)	2.6	3.2	5.0
Max. AC Output (KW)	3.0	3.8	5.5
Power Factor	1.0	1.0	1.0
Engine Number	UP170	UP177	UP188
Engine Type	Four-Stroke	Four-Stroke, Air-cooled, OHV Petrol engine	Petrol engine
Bore × Stroke	70×54	70×58	88×64
Displacement (cc)	208	270	389
Starting System	8	Recoil	Recoil or Electric
Fuel Type		Petrol	
Lubrication oil		SAE 10W/30	
Lubrication oil capacity (I)	9.0	1.1	1.1
Fuel Tank Capacity (I)	15	25	25
Max. Output (hp)	7.0	9.0	13.0
Max Output (rpm)	3, 600	3, 600	3, 600
Continuous Work (h)	11	10	10
Weight (kg)	44	69	84

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